



Instructions For Use

RNAAdvance Viral

RNA Isolation
from Saliva, Nasopharyngeal or Oropharyngeal Swabs



PN C58529AA
May 2020



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**RNAdvance Viral
RNA Isolation from Saliva, Nasopharyngeal or
Oropharyngeal Swabs
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PN C58529AA (May 2020)**

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- For questions regarding this protocol, call Technical Support at Beckman Coulter at 1-800-369-0333.
- For additional information, or if damaged product is received, call Beckman Coulter Customer Service at 800-742-2345 (USA or Canada) or contact your local Beckman Coulter Representative.
- Refer to www.beckman.com/techdocs for updated protocols.

Glossary of Symbols is available at www.beckman.com/techdocs (PN C05838).

Product Availability

REF C63510 — RNAdvance Viral

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Revision History

This document applies to the latest version and higher versions. When a subsequent version changes the information in this document, a new issue will be released to the Beckman Coulter website. For updates, go to www.beckman.com/techdocs and download the latest version of the manual.

Initial Issue, C58529AA, 05/2020

Protocol for RNA Isolation from Saliva, Nasopharyngeal or Oropharyngeal Swabs

RNAAdvance Viral is for molecular biology research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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Product Description

The RNAAdvance Viral RNA purification kit utilizes Beckman Coulter, Inc.'s SPRI paramagnetic bead-based technology to isolate RNA from saliva, nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs. The protocol can be performed in both 96-well plate and single tube formats. Purification begins with lysis and protein digestion. Following lysis, the nucleic acid is immobilized onto the magnetic particles allowing separation from contaminants using a magnetic field. The contaminants are rinsed away using a simple wash procedure, and the nucleic acid is eluted in nuclease free water. The RNAAdvance Viral kit is amenable to automation as it utilizes magnetic separation, thus eliminating the need for vacuum filtration or centrifugation. The following protocols are used for the isolation of RNA from 200 µL of viral transport media or saliva per well in 96-well plate and 1.5 mL tube formats.

Kit Specifications

The RNAdvance Viral kit is manufactured under RNase-free conditions and has been tested and certified not to contain contaminating nucleases. The RNAdvance Viral kit can be used in 96-well plate and single tube formats.

Kit Part Number	Number of Preps
C63510	768 preps

Working Under RNase Free Conditions

RNases are ubiquitous and general precautions should be followed in order to avoid the introduction of contaminating nucleases during the RNAdvance Viral procedure. The most common sources of RNase contamination are hands, dust particles, and contaminated laboratory instruments, solutions and glassware. When working with RNA, the following procedures should be followed to limit RNase contamination:



- Always work with gloved hands and change gloves frequently
- Use RNase free, filtered pipette tips for pipetting whenever possible
- Use dedicated RNase free equipment, e.g. pipettes, pipette tips, gels boxes, etc.
- Avoid using reagents, consumables and equipment that are in common use for other general lab processes
- When available, work in a separate room, fume hood or lab space
- Use plastic, disposable consumables that are certified RNase free
- Purchase reagents, such as commonly used buffers and water, that are certified RNase free. Prepare small individual aliquots of such buffers to avoid repeated transfer out of stock buffers. This lowers the risk of contaminating the stock solution
- Wipe down work surfaces with commercial RNase inhibiting surfactant solutions or 70% ethanol before starting work
- Treat electrophoresis gel boxes, including combs and gel trays, with 3% hydrogen peroxide for 10 minutes and rinse with DEPC treated water before use

Statement of Warnings

- Wear appropriate personal protection equipment while handling the samples and reagents in this protocol.
- Specimens, samples, and all material coming in contact with them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions.
- Do not use reagents beyond the expiration date on the vial label.
- Use Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) and follow laboratory, local, or national safety guidelines when handling any virus or reagent.
- Do not mix reagents or waste from this kit with bleach. Harmful gases may be released.

	DANGER
	Proteinase K: Proteinase K 80 – 100%
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	P261 Avoid breathing vapours.
	P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
	P284 In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection.
	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
	P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	SDS Safety Data Sheet is available at www.beckman.com/techdocs .

	DANGER
	Lysis LBF: Boric Acid 0.1 – 1% Tris(hydroxymethyl)-aminomethane 1 – 3%
	Polyoxyethylated Octyl Phenol 1 – 2% Guanidine Thiocyanate 30 – 40%
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.
	H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
	P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	SDS Safety Data Sheet is available at www.beckman.com/techdocs .



	WARNING
	Wash WBE: Guanidine Thiocyanate 30 – 40% Polyoxyethylated Octyl Phenol 1 – 2%
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
	P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
SDS Safety Data Sheet is available at www.beckman.com/techdocs .	


Storage and Stability

NOTE Refer to the product labels for expiration dates.

Reagent	Storage Condition
Lysis LBF	15 - 30°C
Bind BBD	15 - 30°C
Wash WBE	15 - 30°C
Proteinase K	-15 to -25°C
PK Buffer	15 - 30°C

Materials Supplied

Reagent	768 Preps Kit (C63510)	Symbol
Lysis LBF	REF C42153	
Bind BBD	REF C42156	

Reagent	768 Preps Kit (C63510)	Symbol
Wash WBE	REF C42172	
Proteinase K	REF C42176	-
PK Buffer	REF C42150	-

Materials Required but not Supplied

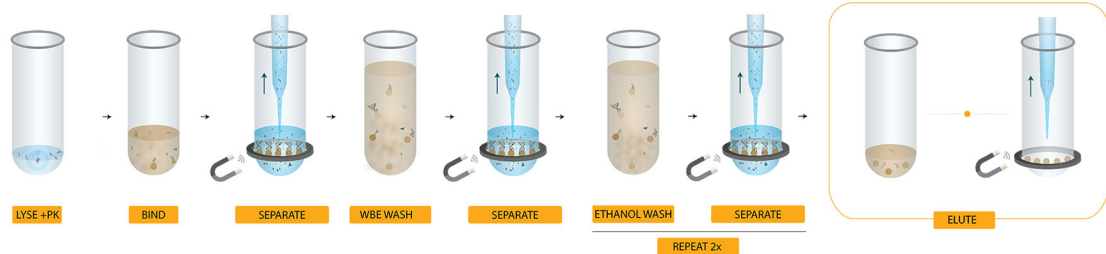
Consumables and Hardware

Format	Item	Type
96-Well Plate	Magnetic Separator	SPRIPlate 96R - Ring Super Magnet Plate (Beckman Coulter product # A32782, www.beckman.com)
	Reaction Plate	1.2 mL 96-Well Plate (Thermo Fisher product # AB-1127)
	Plate Seals	Thermo Fisher product # 0580, <i>or equivalent</i>
Tube	Magnetic Separator	SPRIStand Magnetic 6 Tube Stand (Beckman Coulter product #A29182, www.beckman.com)
	Tube	1.5 mL Microcentrifuge Tubes (Eppendorf product #022431021 <i>or equivalent</i>)

Reagents

Item	Supplier & Catalog Number
100% Isopropanol	-
70% Ethanol, Made With Nuclease-Free Water NOTE 70% Ethanol is hygroscopic. Prepare fresh 70% Ethanol regularly for optimal results.	American Bioanalytical # AB-00138, <i>or equivalent</i>
Reagent Grade Water, Nuclease-Free	Ambion product # AM9932, <i>or equivalent</i>

Process Overview



1. Add **Proteinase K** and **Lysis** (LBF) to sample and mix.
2. Lysis and **Proteinase K** digestion.
3. Addition of **Bind** (BBD).
4. Magnetic separation of beads from supernatant, wash with **Wash** (WBE).
5. Magnetic separation of beads from supernatant, wash with **Ethanol**.
6. Elution.

Procedure

Part A — Reagent Preparation

Prepare the following reagents in advance for both the 96-well and 1.5mL tube protocols:

- 1 Add **10mL** of **PK Buffer** to the **Proteinase K** tube/bottle. (Final concentration is **50 mg/mL**):
 Mix components by inverting the tube/bottle several times. *To avoid foaming, do not vortex.* Solution will appear cloudy immediately after mixing. Let the solution sit for **5 minutes** to clear prior to using. **Store the Proteinase K solution at -20°C when not in use.**
- 2 Add **225 mL** of **100% Isopropanol** to **Wash** (WBE) bottle.
 Following the **Isopropanol** addition, write the data on the label of the bottle and store the **Wash** (WBE) at room temperature.

3 Prepare **Bind** **BBD** /**Isopropanol** solution:

205 μL of **Bind** **BBD** /**Isopropanol** solution is required per sample.

- a. Vortex the tube containing **Bind** **BBD** for at least **30 seconds** to fully resuspend the beads.
- b. Combine **5 μL Bind** **BBD** with **200 μL of 100% Isopropanol** and mix thoroughly.

IMPORTANT The **Bind** **BBD** /**Isopropanol** solution must be prepared fresh on the day of the experiment. Discard any unused portion.

Part B — RNAdvance Viral 96-Well Plate Protocol

Viral Transport Media: Samples should be stored per swab manufacturer's instructions. If swab includes transport media, sample should be mixed per manufacturer's instructions and the transport media should be used for the extraction. If the swab does not include transport media, a commercial or lab-made transport media can be used. PBS can also be used in place of transport media.

Saliva: Samples should be stored per manufacturer's instructions. If frozen, thaw samples completely before transferring. Avoid transferring any particulate matter into the sample plate.

All samples should be well mixed before extraction. Beckman Coulter recommends RNA be checked for yield and purity for downstream applications. We also recommend the user spike samples with control RNA to validate downstream assays.

1 Aliquot **200 μL of sample** into each well of a 1.2 mL processing plate.

2 Add **Proteinase K** and **Lysis** **LBF** :

- Add **10 μL of Proteinase K (50 mg/mL, prepared in [Part A — Reagent Preparation](#), step 1)**
- Add **150 μL of Lysis** **LBF**

Mix thoroughly by pipetting up and down **10 times**.

3 Lysis and protein digestion:

Seal plate with a plate seal. Incubate samples at **room temperature** for **20 minutes**.

-
- 4** Add **205 µL** of the **Bind** **BBD** /**Isopropanol** solution (prepared in [Part A – Reagent Preparation](#), step 3) to the samples and pipette mix **10 times** or until well mixed. Incubate samples at **room temperature** for **5 minutes**.

Shake or tip-mix **Bind** **BBD** /**Isopropanol** solution to disperse beads before adding to sample.

-
- 5** Place 1.2 mL processing plate on SPRIPlate 96R Super Magnet Plate and separate for **5 minutes**.

-
- 6** Fully remove supernatant from the 1.2 mL processing plate and discard.
This step must be performed while the 1.2 mL processing plate is situated on the magnet.

-
- 7** Remove the 1.2 mL processing plate from the magnet and wash the beads by adding **400 µL** of **Wash** **WBE**. (**Isopropanol** must be added to **Wash** **WBE** before using the kit for the first time – see [Part A – Reagent Preparation](#), step 2).

Pipette mix **10 times** to resuspend the magnetic beads.

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- 8** Place 1.2 mL processing plate on the magnet and separate for **5 minutes**.
Wait for the solution to clear before proceeding to the next step.

-
- 9** Completely remove supernatant from the 1.2 mL processing plate and discard.
This step must be performed while the plate is situated on the magnet. Do not disturb the ring of separated magnetic beads.

-
- 10** Wash by adding **400 µL** of **70% Ethanol**. **Do Not Pipette Mix**. Let sit for approximately **2 minutes** and then remove **Ethanol** while processing plate remains situated on the magnet plate.

-
- 11** Repeat step **10** one more time for a total of two **Ethanol** washes.

12 Allow magnetic beads to dry for **1 minute** at **room temperature**.

Beads do not need to be completely dry, but the traces of liquid should be gone (i.e., droplets or puddles).

13 Remove 1.2 mL processing plate from the magnet and elute RNA by adding **40 µL** of **Nuclease-Free Water**. Pipette mix **10 times** and incubate at **room temperature** for **5 minutes**.

14 Return the plate to the magnet for **2 minutes** and carefully transfer eluted nucleic acid away from the beads and into a fresh plate for storage.

NOTE Beckman Coulter recommends RNA samples be stored on ice for immediate use, or stored at -20 to -80°C for long term storage.

Part C — RNAdvance Viral 1.5 mL Tube Protocol


Viral Transport Media: Samples should be stored per swab manufacturer's instructions. If swab includes transport media, sample should be mixed per manufacturer's instructions and the transport media should be used for the extraction. If the swab does not include transport media, a commercial or lab-made transport media can be used. PBS can also be used in place of transport media.

Saliva: Samples should be stored per manufacturer's instructions. If frozen, thaw samples completely before transferring. Avoid transferring any particulate matter into the sample plate.

All samples should be well mixed before extraction. Beckman Coulter recommends RNA be checked for yield and purity for downstream applications. We also recommend the user spike samples with control RNA to validate downstream assays.

1 Aliquot **200 µL** of sample into a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

2 Add **Proteinase K** and **Lysis** :

- Add **10 µL** of **Proteinase K** (50 mg/mL, prepared in [Part A — Reagent Preparation](#), step 1)
- Add **150 µL** of **Lysis** 

Mix thoroughly by pipetting up and down **10 times**.

3 Lysis and protein digestion:

Cap the tube. Incubate samples at **room temperature** for **20 minutes**.

4 Add **205 µL** of **Bind BBD** / **Isopropanol** solution (prepared in [Part A – Reagent Preparation](#), step 3) to the samples and mix by vortexing the tube. Incubate samples at **room temperature** for **5 minutes**.

Shake or tipmix **Bind BBD** / **Isopropanol** solution to disperse beads before adding to sample.

5 Place tubes on a SPRIstand and separate for **5 minutes**.

6 Fully remove supernatant from tube and discard.

This step must be performed while the tube is situated on the magnet stand.

7 Remove tube from the magnet stand and wash the beads by adding **400 µL** of **Wash WBE**.

(Isopropanol must be added to **Wash WBE** before using the kit for the first time – [Part A – Reagent Preparation](#), step 2.)

Pipette mix **10 times** to resuspend the magnetic beads.

8 Place the tube on the magnet stand and separate for **5 minutes**.

Wait for the solution to clear before proceeding to the next step.

9 Completely remove supernatant from the tube and discard.

This step must be performed while the tube is situated on the magnet stand. Place the pipette tip at the bottom of the tube and carefully aspirate the liquid so the layer of separated magnetic beads on the side of the tube is not disturbed.

10 Wash by adding **400 µL** of **70% Ethanol**. **Do Not Pipette Mix**. Let sit for approximately **2 minutes** and then remove the **Ethanol** while the tube remains situated on the magnet stand.

11 Repeat step **10** one more time for a total of two **Ethanol** washes.

12 Allow magnetic beads to dry for **1 minute** at **room temperature**.

Beads do not need to be completely dry, but the traces of liquid should be gone (i.e., droplets or puddles).

13 Remove the tube from the magnet stand and elute RNA by dissolving the beads pellet in **40 µL** of **Nuclease-Free Water**. Pipette mix **10 times** and incubate at **room temperature** for **5 minutes**.

14 Return the tube to the magnet stand for **2 minutes** and carefully transfer eluted nucleic acid away from the beads and into a fresh tube for storage.

NOTE Beckman Coulter recommends RNA samples be stored on ice for immediate use, or stored at -2 to -80°C for long term storage.

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